THE MUMMIFICATION PROCESS

Go to the 7 Steps . . .
THE 7 STEPS TO MUMMIFYING A BODY

Step 1: The Announcement of Death

Step 2: Embalming the Body

Step 3: The Removal of the Brain

Step 4: Removal of the Organs

Step 5: The Drying Out Process

Step 6: Wrapping the Body

Step 7: The Final Procession

Take the Quiz!
THE FINAL PROCESSION

- The funeral is held for the deceased and his family mourns his death.

To the Opening of the Mouth Ceremony . . .
A ritual called the 'Opening of the Mouth' is performed, allowing the deceased to eat and drink again. Finally, the body and its coffins are placed inside a large stone sarcophagus in the tomb. Furniture, clothing, valuable objects, food and drink are arranged in the tomb for the deceased.
WRAPPING THE BODY IN 6 EASY STEPS

Step 1: Wrap with Linen

Step 2: Wrap with Charms and Linen

Step 3: Priests Say Prayers

Step 4: Book of the Dead

Step 5: Cloth of Osiris

Step 6: Placed into Second Coffin

Back to the 7 Steps . . .
Finally, a large cloth is wrapped around the entire mummy. It is attached with strips of linen that run from the top to the bottom of the mummy, and around its middle. A board of painted wood is placed on top of the mummy before the mummy is lowered into its coffin. The first coffin is then put inside a second coffin.
CLOTH OF OSIRIS

- A cloth is wrapped around the body and a picture of the god Osiris is painted on its surface.
The arms and legs are tied together. A papyrus scroll with spells from the Book of the Dead is placed between the wrapped hands.
The wrapping process would be stopped every once in a while so that the priests could say certain prayers and write on the linen. A final shroud was placed on the mummy to keep all the wrappings together.
WRAP WITH CHARMS AND AMULETS

- Charms, amulets, and inscribed pieces of papyrus were placed between each layer of bandage. Egyptians believed that these charms had magical properties that would protect and bring luck to the body. The Eye of Horus, the symbol of protection, was used often.

6 Steps to Wrap a Body
Wrapping the body was a painstaking process. The body was anointed with oils, and a gold piece with the Eye of Horus was placed over the slit in the abdomen. Hundreds of yards of linen were used to wrap the body, and each toe and finger was wrapped separately.
The body was placed on a slab and covered with either nacron or natron salt. The slab was tilted so that the water would run off into a basin. This removed moisture and prevented rotting. The body was taken outside and let dry for about forty days. After the body was completely dried out, the wrapping of the body began.
REMOVAL OF THE ORGANS

- The liver, lungs, stomach and intestines are washed and packed in natron which will dry them out. The heart is not taken out of the body because it is the centre of intelligence and feeling and the man will need it in the afterlife.

To the 4 Canopic Jars
THE 4 CANOPIC JARS

Imsety  Hapy  Duamutef  Qebehsenuef

Back to the 7 Steps . . .
A long hook is used to smash the brain and pull it out through the nose.
Qebehsenuef the falcon-headed god looks after the intestines
Duamutef the jackal-headed god looks after the stomach.
Hapy the baboon-headed god looks after the lungs.

Back to the 7 Steps . . .

Back to 4 Canopic Jars
Imsety the human-headed god looks after the liver.
First, his body is taken to the tent known as 'ibu' or the 'place of purification'. There the embalmers wash his body with good-smelling palm wine and rinse it with water from the Nile.
THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF DEATH

- This first step was to let the people know that someone had died. A messenger was sent out to the streets to announce the death. This allowed people to get themselves ready for mourning period and ceremony.
Welcome to

Who Wants to be a Millionaire

Question 1 . . .
What is a mummy?

A. An animal
B. An Egyptian God
C. A Preserved Dead Body
D. A Pharaoh's Mother
Try Again

• Sorry go back and read the 7 steps then try the quiz again!
What is a Pharoah?

A  A priest
B  A Slave
C  A Magician
D  A King
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>£1 Million</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>£32,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>£16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>£8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>£4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>£2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>£1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>£500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>£300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>£200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>£100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How long was the mummification process?

A. 70 Days
B. 50 Days
C. 25 Days
D. 15 Days
How were the brains removed?

A. Through the Ears
B. Through the Nostrils
C. Through the Mouth
D. Through the Eyes
What were the removed organs stored in?

A. A Treasure Chest
B. Canopic Jars
C. A Vase
D. A Special Bowl
Congratulations!

You’ve Reached the £1,000 Milestone!
What was the body covered in to remove moisture?

A Wine
B Sawdust
C Vinegar
D Salt
The Egyptians believed that mummifying a person’s body would assure what?

A. Good Luck
B. Lots of Crops
C. Riches
D. Passage to the Afterlife
£8,000
What was the mummified body placed in?

A. A Palace
B. The Ground
C. A Tomb
D. A Furness
After embalming the bodies were wrapped in what?

A  Strips of Linen
B  Dried Leaves
C  Colourful Leaves
D  Hay
The scroll was made from?

A  Linen
B  Seaweed
C  Papyrus
D  Gold
Congratulations!

You’ve Reached the £32,000 Milestone!
Whose bodies were placed in the pyramids?

A   Everyone’s
B   The Pharoah’s
C   The Animals
D   The Poor
In the Hall of Judgement the heart was weighed against what?

A  A Feather
B  A Piece of Cloth
C  A Piece of Gold
D  A Precious Stone
The coffin is placed in a large stone or wooden box called a **what**?

A. Amulet  
B. Sarcophagus  
C. Ankh  
D. Shrine
Which of these ancient Egyptian words means 'spirit'?

A. Ba
B. Akh
C. Khnum
D. Ka
15 - £1 Million
14 - £500,000
13 - £250,000
12 - £125,000
11 - £64,000
10 - £32,000
 9 - £16,000
 8 - £8,000
 7 - £4,000
 6 - £2,000
 5 - £1,000
 4 - £500
 3 - £300
 2 - £200
 1 - £100
Next Question
Archaeologist Howard Carter discovered the tomb of King Tut in which year?

A 1930
B 1945
C 1922
D 1918
YOU WIN £1 MILLION POUNDS!

Back to the 7 Steps . . .